# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

### CASE NO. 4:24-CV-10017-MARTINEZ/SANCHEZ

AKARI JOHNSON and
HAZEL THOMPSON,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

MMI 82, LLC and THE ENTHUSIAST LLC,

Defendants.		

## NOTICE OF DEPOSITION OF NON-PARTY DANIELLA RODRIGUEZ

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30, Defendant MMI 82, LLC ("MMI 82") will take the deposition by oral examination of Non-Party Daniella Rodriguez. Ms. Rodriguez is required to produce the documents designated in the attached Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action at the time of her deposition at the offices of Caldera Law, 7293 NW 2nd Avenue, Miami, Florida 33150.

The deposition will commence on June 5, 2025, at 10:00 a.m. before a Notary Public or other person authorized by law to administer oaths and conduct depositions in the State of Florida. The deposition will be conducted in person at the offices of Caldera Law, 7293 NW 2nd Avenue, Miami, Florida 33150.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the deposition will be recorded by stenographic/audio means. The witness will be required to provide a government-issued identification satisfactory to the court reporter. All exhibits will be provided to the witness and all participants. The deposition may be recorded electronically.

## CALDERA LAW PLLC

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# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on May 28, 2025, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served on all counsel of record via e-mail.

By: /s/ Anthony V. Narula
Anthony V. Narula, Esq.

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

	UNITED STATES DIS	STRICT CO	URT
	for the		
	District of		
	) laintiff ) v. )	Civil Action No.	4:24-CV-10017 Martinez Sanchez
De	fendant )		
SU	BPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPO	SITION IN A CI	VIL ACTION
To:			
	(Name of person to whom the	is subpoena is directed	()
deposition to be taken in party serving this subpos	J ARE COMMANDED to appear at the this civil action. If you are an organization about the following matters, or those s, or managing agents, or designate other	on, you must prom set forth in an attac	ptly confer in good faith with the chment, and you must designate one
Place:		Date and Time:	
The deposition w	rill be recorded by this method:		
	n, or your representatives, must also bring red information, or objects, and must per		
Rule 45(d), relating to yo	ovisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached ur protection as a person subject to a sub and the potential consequences of not do	poena; and Rule 4	
Date:	CLERK OF COURT	OR	
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk		Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mai	l address, and telephone number of the a	attornev representir	ng (name of party)

# Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No.

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this sun (date)	bpoena for (name of individual and title, if ar	ny)	
☐ I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	ned individual as follow	vs:
		on (date)	; or
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United ritness the fees for one day's attendance		
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, f	for a total of \$
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
te:		Server's signa	uture
		Server s signe	
		Printed name an	nd title
		Server's addi	ress

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

## Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

#### (c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
  - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

#### (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
  - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

## (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
  - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

#### (g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.